

## PATENTS

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE  
BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES**

Application:	10/682,663	Examiner:	Thomas M. Hammond III
Filed:	10/09/2003	Art Unit:	3695
Inventor:	Ian James Clubb	Atty Ref.:	1160215/0527221
Title:	<b>SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR REVENUE AND AUTHORIZATION MANAGEMENT</b>		

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**APPEAL BRIEF**

Commissioner for Patents – Appeal Brief  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

In response to an invitation to correct for non-compliance, mailed January 20, 2010, Applicant submits the following amended appeal brief according to the instructions provided therein stating: “#4 – The brief does not contain a concise explanation of the subject matter of each of the independent claims involved in the appeal.” Applicant contends that this requirement was satisfied in Section V, Summary of Claimed Subject Matter, as previously submitted; however, to facilitate progress on this appeal, Applicant has added a specific breakdown of the antecedent basis and subject matter for Claims 35 and 36 along with Claims 24 and 29. Please consider the following and, if any further inconsistencies are present, Applicant will be happy to correct them upon notice. Applicant has made a bona fide effort to comply with the instructions given in the invitation.

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**I. Real Party in Interest.**

The real party in interest for the present application is Convergys Information Management Group, Inc. It received an assignment, dated October 8-9, 2003, from the inventors, Ian James Clubb, Philip Geoffrey Claridge, Thomas Joseph Shusta, and Jeffrey Miller, of the application, which is recorded at Reel/Frame 015060/0423.

**II. Related Appeals and Interferences.**

To the best of Applicant's knowledge, there are no appeals or interferences which would directly affect, or be directly affected by, or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the present appeal of the final rejection of application 10/682,663, filed October 9, 2003.

Applicant notes, however, that there are several related applications pending within this family including, but not limited to, Serial No. 10/682,601 (S/M for Work Management)(non-final action mailed November 4, 2009) and Serial No. 11/555,518 (Architecture for a System and Method for Work and Revenue Management)(non-final rejection mailed February 9, 2010, following a request for reconsideration after a non-final rejection filed November 13, 2009).

**III. Status of the Claims.**

Claims 1-22 were originally filed in the present application.

Claim 23 was added.

Claims 1-23 have since been canceled.

Claims 24-41 were added and are the subject of the present appeal and are set forth in the Appendix (VIII) of this Brief.

**IV. Status of Amendments.**

Prior to the most recent office action, concerning this application, a final rejection mailed June 25, 2009 (the "Final Rejection"), in this application, amendments were submitted on March 2, 2009, and subsequently entered. No amendments have been submitted in this application, after issuance of the Final Rejection.

## V. Summary of Claimed Subject Matter

Generally, claims in the present application improve the authorization of transactions.<sup>1</sup> Authorization ensures that the paying party has sufficient credit to cover the cost of the event.<sup>1</sup> Often authorization will revolve around the credit-worthiness of the consumer, the amount of money available in a particular account, or a specific level of permission granted to that consumer.<sup>2</sup>

The present application utilizes a master wallet that is subdivided into independent subsets called shadow wallets. The master wallet comprises a usage allowance (resource) corresponding to a set of consumer identifiers.<sup>3</sup> For example, a company may grant a certain level of credit, which may be subdivided amongst individuals or subgroups of the employees depending on the preference of the ultimate consumer (i.e., the entity responsible for paying the bill).<sup>4</sup> The master wallet server may be programmed to create a shadow wallet corresponding to at least one of a set of consumer identifiers.<sup>5</sup>

### A. Grouping of Claims

The applicants suggest the following grouping of claims for the present appeal:

Group I: Claims 24-28 and 31-41. Independent Claims 24, 35, and 36 shall represent this grouping.

Group II: Claims 29-30. Claim 29 shall represent this grouping.

The arguments for why these groups of claims are separately patentable are set forth in detail in the section VII of this brief.

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<sup>1</sup> Application at [0005].

<sup>2</sup> Application at [0021].

<sup>3</sup> Application at [0030].

<sup>4</sup> Application at [0030].

## B. Antecedent Basis

Group I's claims are supported by, but not necessarily limited in scope by, at least, the disclosure of, in the present specification as originally filed, paragraphs [0005], [0021], [0030-0031], [0048], [0105], [0108], [0110], [0122], [0179], [0234], [0244], [0250-0255], [0408-0415], Figures 3-5, 24, 30, 48A.

Group II's claims are additionally supported by, at least, [0034] and [0109] of the present specification as originally filed.

24. A computerized system for resource management comprising:<sup>6</sup>

- a. a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;<sup>7</sup>
- b. a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;<sup>8</sup>
- c. a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;<sup>9</sup>

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:<sup>10</sup>

- create said master wallet for a set of users;<sup>11</sup>
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;<sup>12</sup>

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<sup>5</sup> Application at [0031].

<sup>6</sup> Application [0234].

<sup>7</sup> Application at [0105, 0108]

<sup>8</sup> Application at Figure 3.

<sup>9</sup> Application at [0110, 0122].

<sup>10</sup> Application [0234].

<sup>11</sup> Application at [0105, 0108]

<sup>12</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

- allocate a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, each of said subsets hereinafter referred to as a shadow wallet, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;<sup>13</sup>
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers, to process said request received by said system for a given user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said given user;<sup>14</sup>
- monitor usage across all of the shadow wallets derived from said master wallet and automatically adjust the usage allowances subdivided across said shadow wallets in anticipation of expected future use of said shadow wallets.<sup>15</sup>

29. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 28 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to reclaim an unused portion of said usage allowance allocated to a second shadow wallet and reallocate said unused portion to said first shadow wallet.<sup>16</sup>

35. A computerized system for resource management comprising:<sup>17</sup>

- a. a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;<sup>18</sup>
- b. a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;<sup>19</sup>
- c. a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;<sup>20</sup>

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<sup>13</sup> Application at claim 24 and [0031].

<sup>14</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

<sup>15</sup> Application [0179, 0408-0415] and Figure 30.

<sup>16</sup> Application at [0108-0109, 0034].

<sup>17</sup> Application [0234].

<sup>18</sup> Application at [0105, 0108]

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:<sup>21</sup>

- create said master wallet for a set of users;<sup>22</sup>
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;<sup>23</sup>
- assign a service level to each of said logical servers;<sup>24</sup>
- allocate a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, each of said subsets hereinafter referred to as a shadow wallet, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;<sup>25</sup>
- determine a service level associated with a said request received by said system and distribute said request to a particular logical server associated with said service level and configure said particular logical server, to process a request received by said system for a first user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said first user.<sup>26</sup>

36. A computerized system for resource management comprising:

- a. a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;<sup>27</sup>
- b. a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;<sup>28</sup>

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<sup>19</sup> Application at Figure 3.

<sup>20</sup> Application at [0110, 0122].

<sup>21</sup> Application [0234].

<sup>22</sup> Application at [0105, 0108].

<sup>23</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

<sup>24</sup> Application at [0048].

<sup>25</sup> Application at claim 24 and [0031].

<sup>26</sup> Application at [0048].

<sup>27</sup> Application at [0105, 0108].

<sup>28</sup> Application at Figure 3.

- c. a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;<sup>29</sup>

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:

- create said master wallet for a set of users associated with an account providing a bundled allowance;<sup>30</sup>
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;<sup>31</sup>
- subdivide said master wallet into a plurality of independent shadow wallets, prior to an event arrival including a request, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;<sup>32</sup>
- process a plurality of requests against said master wallet by configuring each of said plurality of logical servers, to process a said request received by said system for a given user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said given user.<sup>33</sup>

### **1. Summary of Group I: Claims Referring to Independent Subsets**

The claims consistently refer to an architecture in which “independent subsets of said master wallet” [shadow wallets] are associated with a logical server and a logical datastore.<sup>34</sup> Independent Claim 24 is representative of this claim language. It includes a computerized system for resource management in which a master copy of a wallet, called the master wallet, is

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<sup>29</sup> Application at [0110, 0122].

<sup>30</sup> Application at [0105, 0108, 0250]

<sup>31</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

<sup>32</sup> Application at claim 24 and [0031].

<sup>33</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

<sup>34</sup> Application at claim 24 and [0031].

stored in a computer readable datastore.<sup>35</sup> The datastore is partitioned into a set of logical datastores.<sup>36</sup> The system creates a master wallet for a given set of users and configures the logical datastores for a subset of those users.<sup>37</sup> The subsets of the master wallet are called shadow wallets and operate independently.<sup>38</sup> In fact, referring to Figure 3 (below) each shadow wallet is associated with a specific logical datastore (note the allocation of two different shadow wallets to two different consumer servers – CS\_456 and CS\_567). These shadow wallets are subsets of the master wallet residing on Wallet Server WS\_9876.<sup>39</sup>

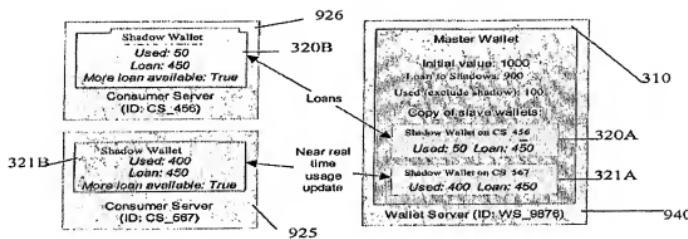


Figure 3

Thus, the system can process a request for a given user against the specific shadow wallet associated with that user.<sup>40</sup> It furthermore enables the system to monitor usage across all of the shadow wallets derived from said master wallet and automatically adjust the usage allowances subdivided across said shadow wallets in anticipation of expected future use of said shadow wallets.<sup>41</sup>

In addition to the limitation regarding “independent subsets of said master wallet”, [shadow wallets], discussed above in relation to independent Claim 24, independent Claim 35

<sup>35</sup> Application at [0105, 0108].

<sup>36</sup> Application at [0110, 0122].

<sup>37</sup> Application at [244, 250-255].

<sup>38</sup> Application [0250].

<sup>39</sup> Application Figure 3-5 and Figure 24 and 48A.

<sup>40</sup> Application [0234].

<sup>41</sup> Application [0179, 0408-0415] and Figure 30.

adds the concept of service levels to the management of the wallet servers.<sup>42</sup> Independent Claim 36 adds the concept of bundled allowances.<sup>43</sup>

## **2. Summary of Group 2: Claims Relating to Borrowing Between Shadow Wallets**

The claims also include the ability for the shadow wallets to interact with one another.<sup>44</sup> Dependent claim 29 focuses on extending the system by allowing a first shadow wallet to “borrow” or “reclaim” a portion of unused usage allowance from a second shadow wallet.<sup>45</sup>

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<sup>42</sup> Application at [0048].

<sup>43</sup> Application at [0105, 0108, 0250]

<sup>44</sup> Application, claim 29.

<sup>45</sup> Application at [0108-0109, 0034].

**VI. Grounds of Rejection to be Reviewed on Appeal**

A. Whether claims 24-41 are unpatentable, based on 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as obvious over Allen et al., US Patent No.7,280,645 (hereinafter Allen), in view of Black, US Patent No. 7,117,172 (hereinafter Black), in further view of Sarcinini, US Patent No. 6,941,285 (hereinafter Sarcinini).

## VII. Argument

### A. Standard for Prima Facie Case of Obviousness

It is well settled that the burden of making out a prima facie case of obviousness lies with the Examiner.<sup>46</sup> It is also well settled that part of that prima facie case is showing that all limitations are taught or suggested in the prior art.<sup>47</sup> When making the rejection, each word in a claim must be considered.<sup>48</sup> If a rejection fails to consider all words in a claim, that rejection should be reversed.<sup>49</sup>

### B. High-Level Description of Cited Art

As historical background, in prior office actions for this Application, the Examiner cited both Black and Allen. Black describes proactively adjusting account balances. It was not cited as a reference for the limitations argued in this Appeal. Allen discloses dividing a master account on a per call basis, as requests are received, as opposed to dividing the master account among multiple users. The Examiner based the current Final Rejection on both Allen and Sarcanin.

### C. Group I - Argument Regarding the Flaw of Examiner's Rejection in Claim 24

#### 1. The Cited Art Does Not Disclose Allocation of Independent Subsets

The rejections of claims 24-28 and 31-41 are improper and should be reversed because the art cited by the Office does not teach or suggest each limitation in these claims. In particular,

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<sup>46</sup> E.g., MPEP § 2141 ¶ 1; *In re Rouffet*, 149 F.3d 1350, 1355 (Fed. Cir. 1998) (“to reject claims in an application under section 103, an examiner must show an unrebutted prima facie case of obviousness”).

<sup>47</sup> E.g., *Ex parte Wada*, Appeal No. 2007-3733 (BPAI 2008) (“When determining whether a claim is obvious, an examiner must make ‘a searching comparison of the claimed invention – *including all its limitations* – with the teaching of the prior art.’ *In re Ochiai*, 71 F.3d 1565, 1572 (Fed. Cir. 1995) (emphasis added). Thus, ‘obviousness’ requires a suggestion of all limitations in a claim.’ *CFMT, Inc. v. Yieldup Intern. Corp.*, 349 F.3d 1333, 1342 (Fed. Cir. 2003) (citing *In re Royka*, 490 F.2d 981, 985 (CCPA 1974)).”).

<sup>48</sup> *In re Wilson*, 424 F.2d 1382, 1385 (CCPA 1970) (“All words in a claim must be considered in judging the patentability of that claim against the prior art.”).

<sup>49</sup> *In re Wilson*, 424 F.2d 1382 (CCPA 1970) (reversing a rejection which was based on failing to consider all words in a claim).

Claim 24, representative of this Group I, recites the following limitation which is not disclosed or suggested in the Cited Art:

allocate a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, each of said subsets hereinafter referred to as a shadow wallet, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;

Initially, the Applicants note that, when addressing Claim 24, the Office conceded that the “allocating a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet” is absent from Allen.<sup>50</sup> While the applicants appreciate (and agree with) this concession, the applicants submit that the allocation of independent subsets requirement is also absent from Sarcin, the only other reference cited in the rejection of claim 24.

**2. The Office Ignored the Limitation Regarding the Architecture of the Independent Subsets**

Furthermore, when rejecting Claim 24, the Office simply ignored the limitation “each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore”. This limitation supports the previously addressed limitation regarding the “allocation of independent subsets” as it clarifies that each shadow wallet may be individually assigned to one out of a plurality of servers/datastores. This architectural feature enables the independent functioning of shadow wallets.

**3. Description of Sarcin**

Sarcin is primarily focused on security including access rights that may be allocated to a specific individual/group. There is some discussion toward the end of Sarcin about allowing a group (either a family or a business) to allocate a certain amount to pre-authorized entities as well as allow “a borrower, as permitted by a shared access agreement, [to] debit a particular lender’s account.” Applicant assumes that the Examiner is focusing on the following clause, in

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<sup>50</sup> Office Action at 4, Section 9.

isolation, from Claim 24: "prior to an event arrival including a request" which was added in the last response, dated March 2, 2009, in an effort to reach a compromise with the Examiner.

In support of the Office's Final Rejection, the Examiner cited Sarcanin (49:53 – 50:30) as "allocating a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request." But the Examiner did not consider all of the limitations of the claim language. Specifically, the cited Sarcanin passage reads as follows:

VirtualSAFE links or images on participant sites. The VVP service may also include a fund allocation feature which may be entitled "VirtualSAFE Trust and Allowance". This feature allows children and parents, or any authorized shared person, to relate to one another at a different level. Parents who are registered and authenticated users of VirtualSAFE may allocate a certain amount of pre-authorized spending money per month to their children on their credit/debit card. Similarly, businesses or friends who are registered and authenticated users of VirtualSAFE may allocate a certain amount of pre-authorized spending money from their accounts to authorized personnel, friends, etc. These values may be added, modified, and authorized at the beginning of each month. Consider the following example:

S	Parents/Businesses/Friends Pre-authorized Payment/Transfer with Shared Access \$150.00			
	Child's Name	Pre-authorized Amount Payment	Purchases	Balance
0	Robert Smith	150.00	100.00	50.00
	Anna Smith	150.00	57.00	93.00
	Billy Smith	150.00	148.00	2.00

Now consider the situation of business-to-business shared accounts in which two businesses operate with one another. According to agreement, this application allows one business to access the other business's account for a preauthorized and predetermined amount. A lender opens an account or allows shared access to a borrower. Furthermore, this application allows financial transactions equivalent to the commercially known line of credit, mortgage loan, or loan. Here, a borrower, as permitted by a shared access agreement, can debit a particular lender's account using the strong authentication provided by VirtualSAFE's Authentication Authority or, if necessary, by VirtualSAFE's predefined Attribute Authentication Authority. The preauthorized user is able to both debit and credit the account as per agreement and policy. The same approach may be used for shared-access in a document

environment, or application environment, in which one entity (i.e. the account holder) may allow another user access for sharing in accordance with user definitions and privileges.

The preauthorized limits of Sarcin are not the same thing as instantiating an individual subset “prior to an event arrival” wherein each subset is associated with a logical server/datastore. This is illustrated by Figure 3 of the Application (see, above); the illustrated shadow wallets are assigned to different consumer servers which are logically partitioned from a master wallet residing on a wallet server.<sup>51</sup>

Indeed, as the portion cited by the Examiner indicates, there are no individual subsets (shadow wallets) being allocated at all. Rather, Sarcin’s method for shared access is based on the setting of a predefined Attribute Authentication Authority via a shared access agreement.<sup>52</sup>

Sarcin, however, does not provide any disclosure whatsoever regarding the instantiation of independent wallets within an architecture including, but not limited to, the language “independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said logical servers and its associated logical datastore” of Applicant’s Claim 24. [Emphasis added]. Therefore, as set forth previously, for a claim to be rejected as obvious, it is necessary, among other things, to consider all words in the claim. The Office’s rejection of Claim 24 has not met this requirement in its treatment of the allocation of independent subsets which are each further associated with a logical server/datastore.

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<sup>51</sup> Application Figure 3-5 and Figure 24 and 48A.

<sup>52</sup> “Here, a borrower, as permitted by a shared access agreement, can debit a particular lender’s account using the strong authentication provided by VirtualSAFE’s Authentication Authority or, if necessary, by VirtualSAFE’s predefined Attribute Authentication Authority.” Sarcin at 50:21-24.

D. Group II - Argument Regarding the Flaw of Examiner's Rejection in Claim 29a. The Cited Art Does Not Disclose Sharing Among Shadow Wallets

The rejections of claims 29-30 are improper and should be reversed because the art cited by the Office does not teach or suggest each limitation of claim 29. In particular, Claim 29, representative of this Group II, recites the following:

29. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 28 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to reclaim an unused portion of said usage allowance allocated to a second shadow wallet and reallocate said unused portion to said first shadow wallet. [Emphasis added].

Applicants submit that the reallocation of an unused portion from a second shadow wallet to the first shadow wallet is absent from Allen, which was specifically cited against this limitation. Accordingly, the Office's rejection of claim 29 (and the rest of the claims in Group II) as obvious over the combination of Allen, Black and Sarcanin is improper, as none of those references teaches or suggests the reallocation of usage from one shadow wallet to another shadow wallet present in Claim 29.

In support of the Office's Final Rejection, the Examiner cited "at least"<sup>53</sup> Allen (1:51-61) as teaching "wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to reclaim an unused portion of said usage allowance allocated to a second shadow wallet and reallocate said unused portion to said first shadow wallet." This section does not teach or suggest the subject limitation at all. It reads:

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<sup>53</sup> The Applicant is only addressing the specifically cited section as the Allen reference does not, in any case, provide the limitation being argued here as well as for the reason that the Examiner bears the burden of mounting a *prima facie* case of obviousness. This "allocates who has the burden of going forward with production of evidence in each step of the examination process. See *In re Rinehart*, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); *In re Linter*, 458 F.2d 1013, 173 USPQ 560 (CCPA 1972); *In re Saunders*, 444 F.2d 599, 170 USPQ 213 (CCPA 1971); *In re Tiffin*, 443 F.2d 394, 170 USPQ 88 (CCPA 1971), amended, 448 F.2d 791, 171 USPQ 294 (CCPA 1971); *In re Warner*, 379 F.2d 1011, 154 USPQ 173 (CCPA 1967), cert. denied, 389 U.S. 1057 (1968)." MPEP 2142.

The present invention is directed to a set of multiple prepaid calling cards that are associated with a single account. A predetermined amount of minutes is associated with the set of cards. Cards within the set can be used simultaneously and extract minutes from the minutes in predetermined increments. Each card can use the same Personal Identification Number (PIN) or each card can have its own unique PIN. In some instances, any card in the set can recharge the account, (i.e., add more minutes to the account), or in some embodiments, only a control card can add minutes to the account.

Nothing in this citation discusses one calling card (which is not, in any case, an individual subset of a master wallet or a shadow wallet) borrowing/reallocation/reclaiming resource from another calling card. A “predetermined amount of minutes is associated with the set of cards”. This might be considered the “master wallet” but, as that master wallet is never subdivided into individual subsets associated with a specific datastore/server, the only way a calling card may be replenished is by borrowing from the master account or by recharging the master account. A given calling card may be used to add money to the master account but it cannot loan money to another calling card.

To put this in, perhaps, more familiar terms, this architecture permits the paradigm where a parent (master wallet) might loan money to each of his three children (shadow wallets). Child 1 uses up his entire allowance and goes back to the parent to ask for more but they have reached their limit and the parent is not willing to loan out any more money. (This is the kind of limit discussed in Sarcin). The architecture of the current Application, however, provides a mechanism for Child 1 to still get more money. He can be loaned money from either Child 2 or Child 3.

Therefore, according to the standard, as set forth previously, for a *prima facie* case of obviousness, the Office’s rejection of Claim 29 failed to consider the functionality of Claim 29 which allows one shadow wallet to borrow from another shadow wallet..

#### E. Conclusion

Accordingly, the Office’s rejection of Claim 24 (and the rest of the claims in Group I) as well as its rejection of Claim 29 (and the rest of the claims in Group II) as obvious over the combination of Allen, Black, and Sarcin are improper as none of those references teach or suggest an architecture which enables the “allocation of independent subsets” or to “reclaim an unused portion of said usage allowance allocated to a second shadow wallet and reallocate said

unused portion to said first shadow wallet." Thus, the Applicant respectfully requests the Board to reverse the rejections of the Office so that this Application might proceed to an allowance at the earliest possible date.

The Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency, including any fees required for an extension of time not already paid for or any other required fees not already paid for, or to credit any overpayment of fees, to Frost Brown Todd LLC Deposit Account No. 06-2226.

Respectfully submitted,

**Clubb et al.**

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## VIII. CLAIMS APPENDIX

24. A computerized system for resource management comprising:

- a. a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;
- b. a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;
- c. a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:

- create said master wallet for a set of users;
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;
- allocate a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, each of said subsets hereinafter referred to as a shadow wallet, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers, to process said request received by said system for a given user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said given user;
- monitor usage across all of the shadow wallets derived from said master wallet and automatically adjust the usage allowances subdivided across said shadow wallets in anticipation of expected future use of said shadow wallets.

25. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 24 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to configure said logical servers to notify said wallet server as the usage allowance allocated to a given shadow wallet is consumed.
26. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 25 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to create an additional shadow wallet.
27. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 26 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to reallocate said master wallet across said shadow wallets associated with said master wallet.
28. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 27 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to
  - a. configure a given logical server to automatically request an additional usage allowance when a first shadow wallet reaches a predetermined minimum usage allowance;
  - b. receive said request for additional usage allowance;
  - c. allocate a subset of any unclaimed usage allowance from said master wallet to said first shadow wallet.
29. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 28 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to reclaim an unused portion of said usage allowance allocated to a second shadow wallet and reallocate said unused portion to said first shadow wallet.
30. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 29 wherein said automatic reallocation reduces the number of automatic requests made by a given logical server for additional usage allowance.
31. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 24 wherein said master wallet includes a set of conditions pertaining to the access of said master wallet that are passed onto any shadow wallets associated with said master wallet.

32. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 31 wherein said set of conditions are automatically determined by a product purchased by a user.

33. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 32 wherein said set of conditions includes a validity period.

34. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 24 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to, upon the failure of any of said plurality of logical servers, their associated logical datastores or said shadow wallets, hereinafter a failed logical component, create a new logical component to replace said failed component.

35. A computerized system for resource management comprising:

- a. a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;
- b. a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;
- c. a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:

- create said master wallet for a set of users;
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;
- assign a service level to each of said logical servers;
- allocate a plurality of independent subsets of said master wallet, prior to an event arrival including a request, each of said subsets hereinafter referred to as a shadow wallet, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;

- determine a service level associated with a said request received by said system and distribute said request to a particular logical server associated with said service level and configure said particular logical server, to process a request received by said system for a first user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said first user.

36. A computerized system for resource management comprising:

- a computer readable datastore associated with a server, said server hereinafter referred to as a wallet server, wherein a master copy of a wallet comprising computer readable storage representing a usage allowance, hereinafter master wallet, is stored;
- a plurality of logical servers which are logical partitions of said wallet server;
- a plurality of computer readable logical datastores which are logical partitions of said datastore;

wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to:

- create said master wallet for a set of users associated with an account providing a bundled allowance;
- configure each of said plurality of logical servers and their associated logical datastores for a subset of said set of users;
- subdivide said master wallet into a plurality of independent shadow wallets, prior to an event arrival including a request, wherein each shadow wallet is associated with one of said plurality of logical servers and its associated logical datastore;
- process a plurality of requests against said master wallet by configuring each of said plurality of logical servers, to process a said request received by said system for a given user from said subset of users against said shadow wallet associated with said given user.

37. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 36 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to set a flag, accessible by any of said plurality logical servers, to indicate a state relating to said master wallet.
38. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 37 wherein said flag indicates that additional usage allowance is not available from said master wallet.
39. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 38 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to set a corresponding flag on each of said shadow wallets derived from said master wallet to inform said associated logical servers that the master wallet is exhausted in order to limit repeated requests by said associated logical servers for additional usage allowance.
40. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 37 wherein said master wallet includes a schedule for automatic periodic usage allowance replenishment which is associated with a product purchased by a user.
41. A computerized system as claimed in Claim 36 wherein said wallet server further comprises computer executable instructions to configure said plurality of logical servers to process a query in isolation from said wallet server.

IX. EVIDENCE APPENDIX

None.

X. RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX

None.